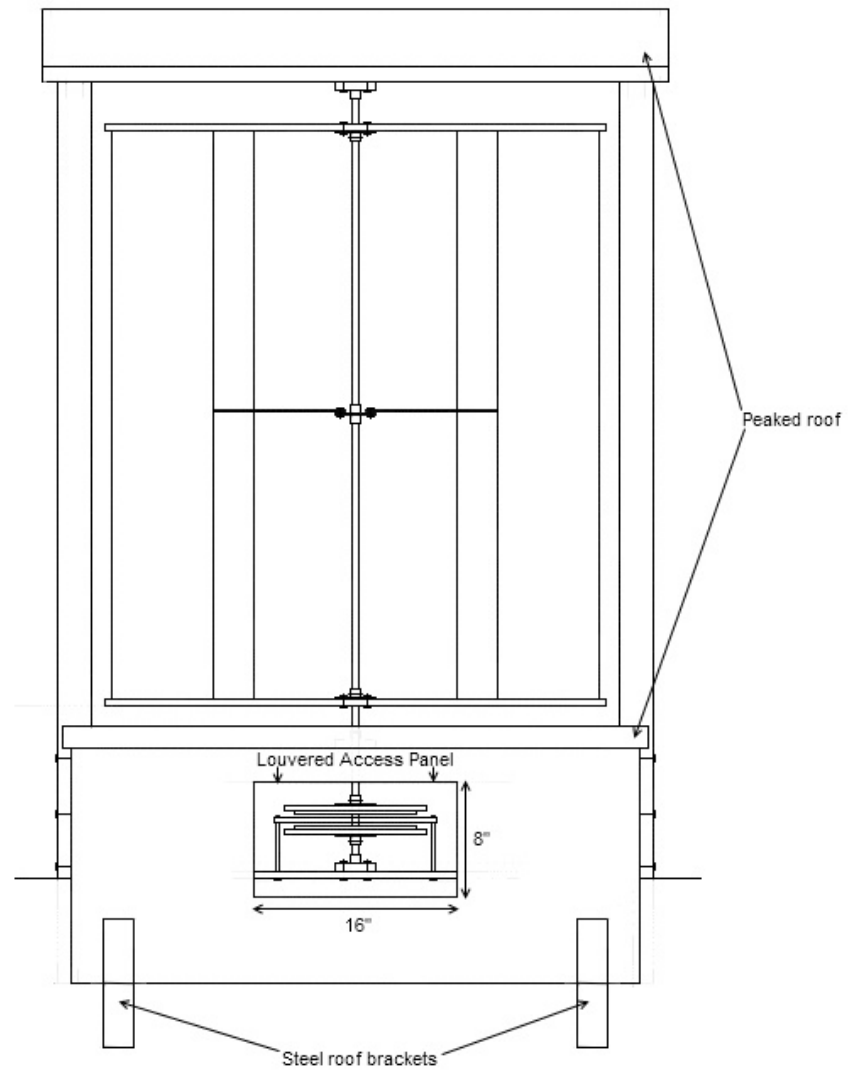


DIY LENZ Vertical Axis Wind Turbine

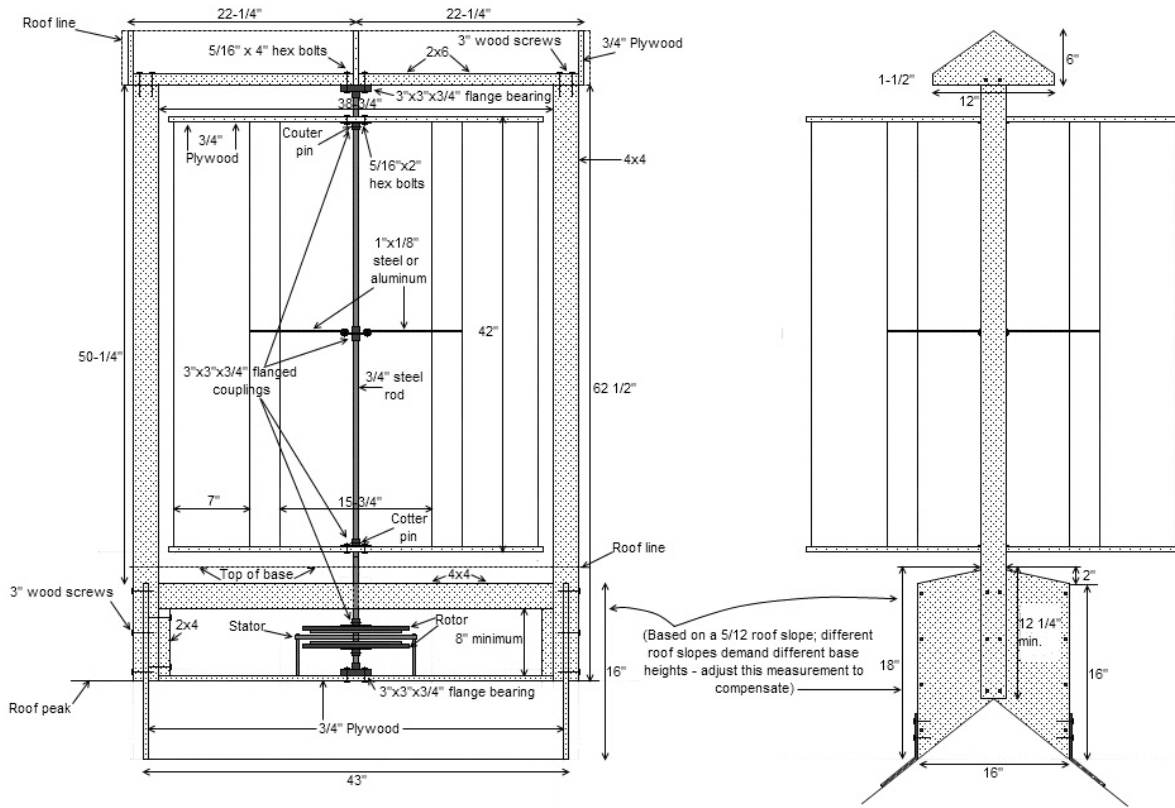
RENEWABLE SYSTEMS TECHNOLOGY © 2015



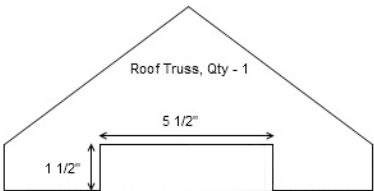
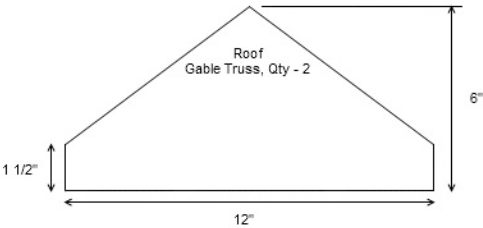
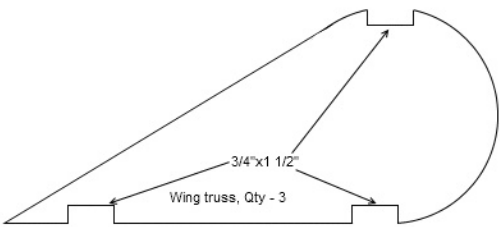
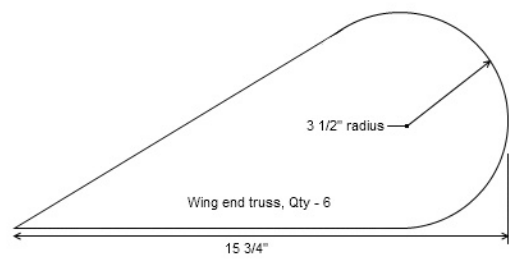
Vertical Axis Wind Turbine



VAWT Detail

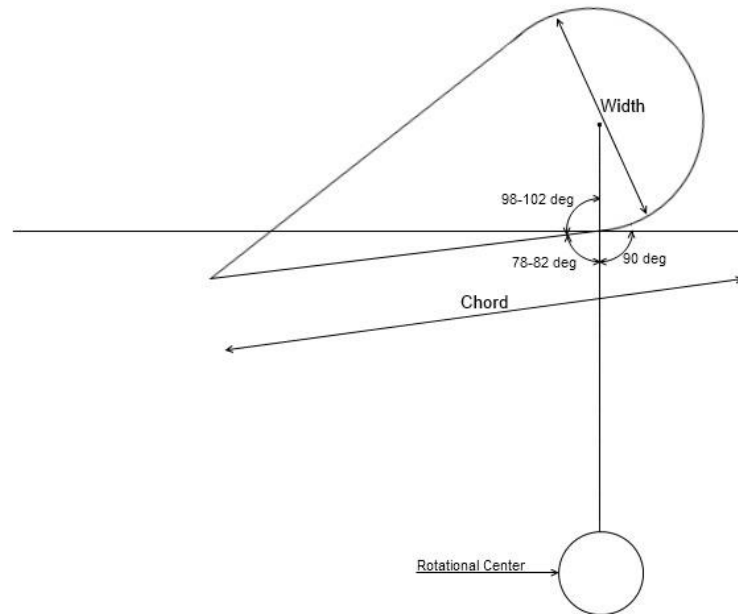


Wing/Roof Detail

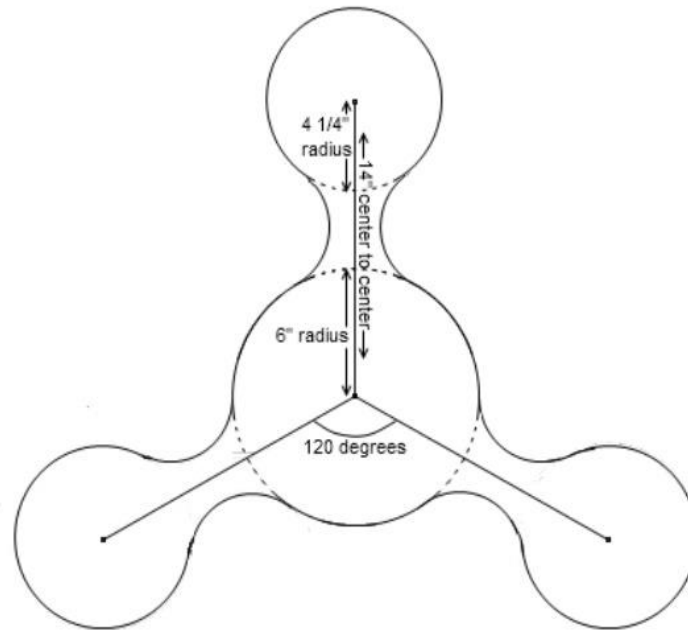


Wing Angle

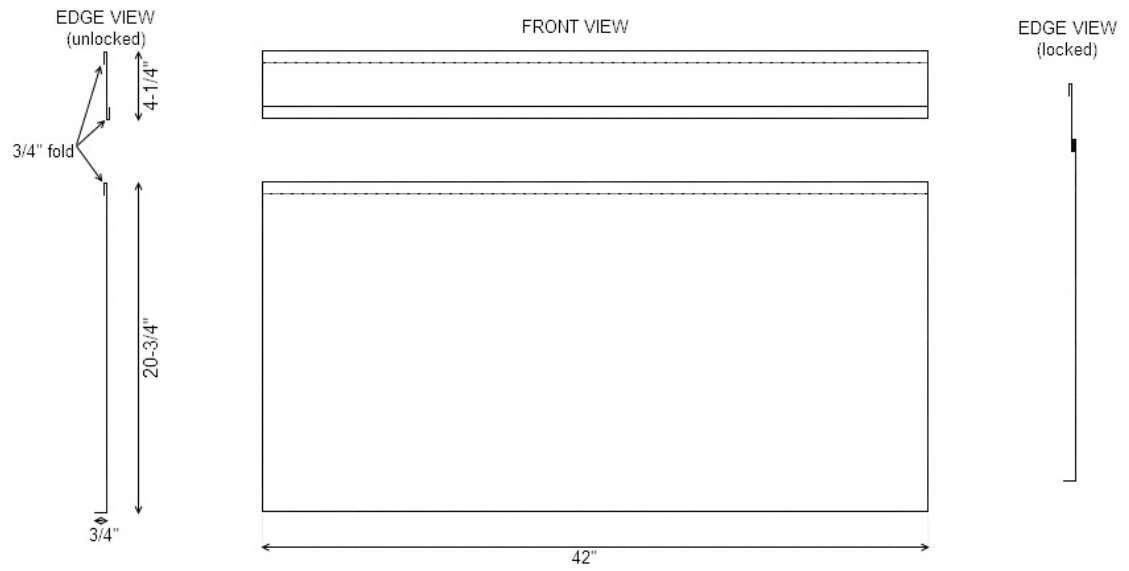
Wing width = diameter of swept area x 0.14
Wing chord = circumference of swept area x 0.09



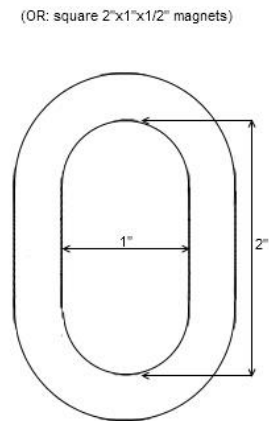
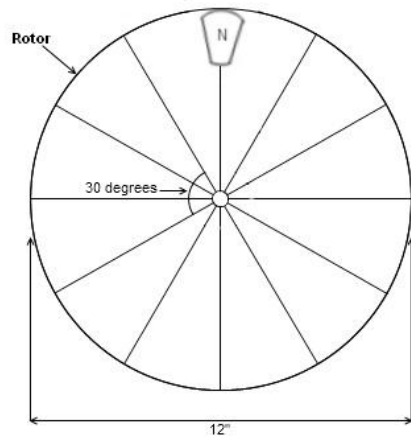
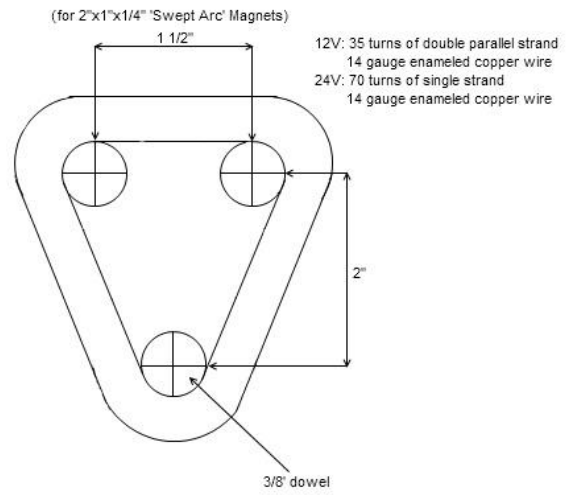
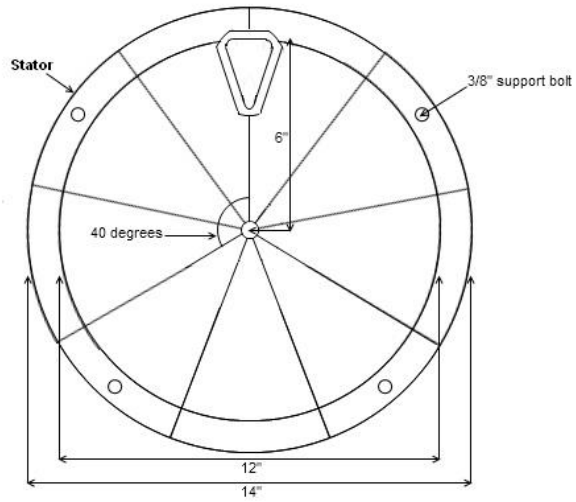
Wing Support Detail

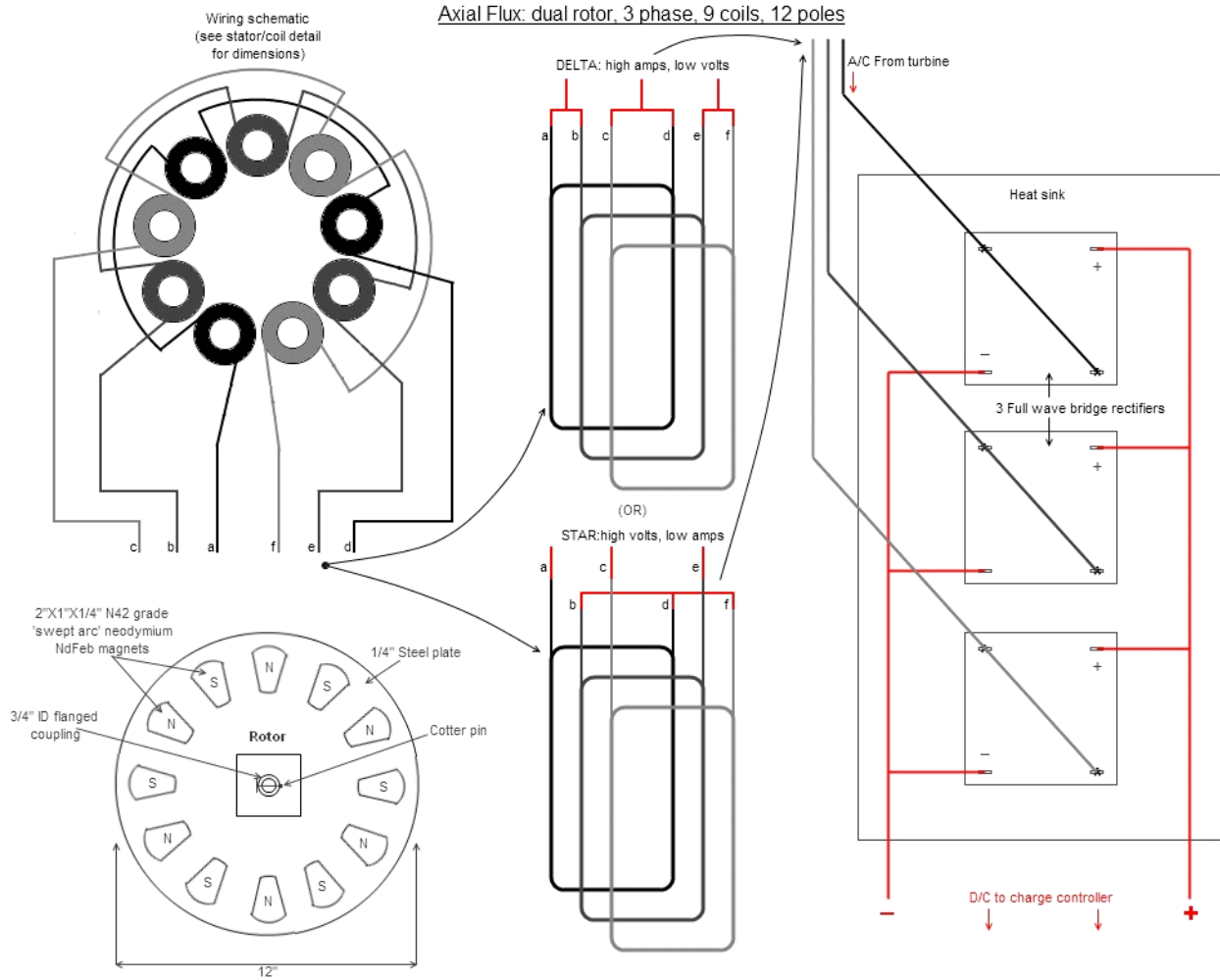


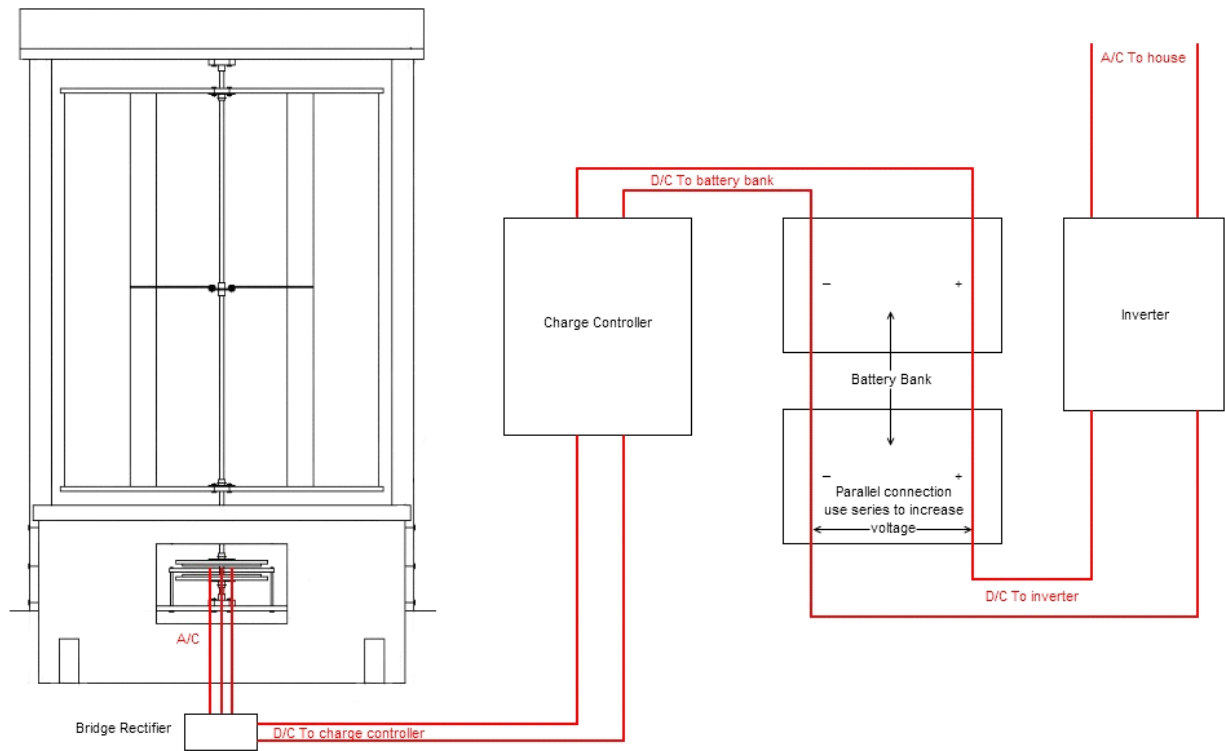
Blade Covering (Aluminum Flatstock)



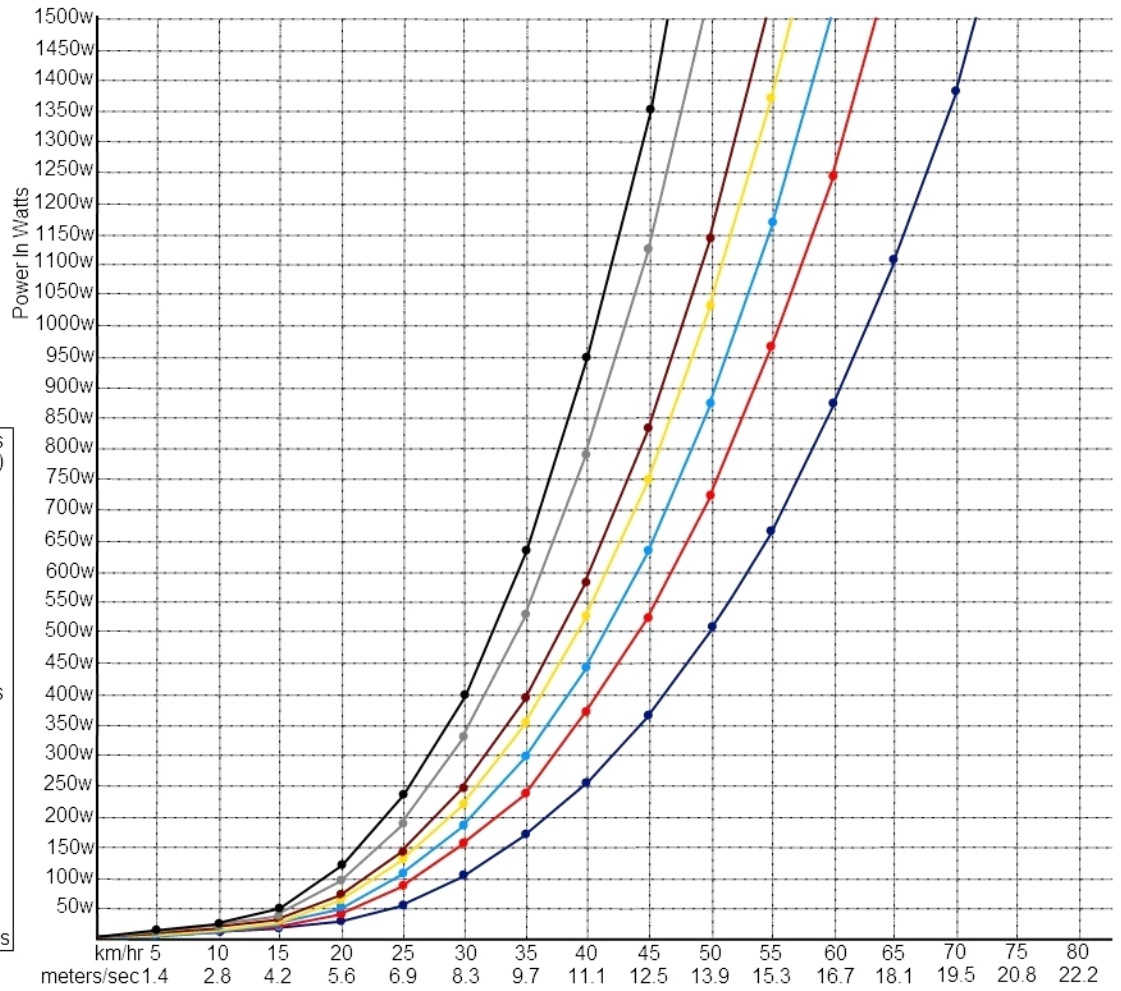
Rotor/Stator/Coil Detail







Turbine Dimensions (Dual Rotor Design)	
HAWT	
7' rotor/42" blades	
VAWT	
4' wide x 8' high	3 square meters
4' wide x 6' high	2.23 square meters
3' wide x 7' high	2 square meters
3' wide x 6' high	1.7 square meters
3' wide x 5' high	1.4 square meters
3' wide x 3.5' high	0.975 square meters



Turns per Coil:

$$N = \frac{E}{N'} \quad (3)$$

where E = expected system voltage

$$\text{and } N' = \frac{(2)(P)(T_E)(A_M)(T)}{C} \quad (3a)$$

where P = total number of magnets
 T_E = magnet surface field strength in tesla¹
 A_M = coil airspace in square meters
 T = rotor velocity in seconds
 C = total number of stator coils.

Coil Wire Gauge:

$$\rho = \sqrt{\frac{A}{4869.48}}$$

where ρ = bare wire diameter
 A = current in amps

Total Expected Power:

$$P = 1/2 \rho A V^3 C_t C_a$$

where P = total expected power in watts
 ρ = air density @ sea level and 20deg.C = 1.2kg/m³
 A = swept area of turbine blades in meters²
 V = wind speed in meters/sec
 C_t = typical turbine coefficient = %40
 C_a = typical dual rotor axial flux pma coefficient = %80

ex: 3'x5' VAWT with a swept area of 1.4m² and a 20kmhr or 5.6m/sec will produce:

$$\begin{aligned} P &= 1/2(1.2)(1.4m^2)(5.6m/sec^3)(\%40)(\%80) \\ &= 1/2(1.2)(1.4)(171.5)(0.4)(0.8) \\ &= 1/2(92.2) \\ &= 46.1watts@20kmhr \end{aligned}$$

